

BEFORE THE
POSTAL REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20268-0001

COMPETITIVE PRODUCT PRICES
PRIORITY MAIL
PRIORITY MAIL CONTRACT 29

Docket No. MC2011-3

COMPETITIVE PRODUCT PRICES
PRIORITY MAIL CONTRACT 29 (MC2011-3)
NEGOTIATED SERVICE AGREEMENT

Docket No. CP2011-4

**MOTION OF THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE
FOR TEMPORARY RELIEF**
(October 22, 2013)

In PRC Order No. 85, the Commission noted that it “stands ready to act quickly on requests for temporary relief based on extenuating circumstances” that threaten to interrupt the provision of rates to a customer as a result of the regulatory process and the statutory requirement of 39 U.S.C. § 3632(b)(3).¹ The customer whose competitive product rates were established in this docket wishes to renew its commitment to sending large volumes of Priority Mail for the next year at negotiated rates. By the terms of the contract filed in this docket, the current rates will expire on October 29, 2013.

The Postal Service and the customer have been working cooperatively over the past several weeks to amend the contract to extend for two additional years, which would have avoided any interruption in the Postal Service’s ability to provide this

¹ PRC Order No. 85, Order Concerning Global Plus Negotiated Service Agreements, June 27, 2008, at 10 (Order No. 85). In relevant part, 39 U.S.C. § 3632(b)(3) requires that rates not of general applicability established for competitive products be filed with the Commission at least 15 days in advance of their effective date.

customer access to negotiated rates. However, because of extenuating circumstances, the Postal Service and the customer have been unable to sign the amendment in time for the Postal Service to file the amendment 15 days prior to the expiration date.

Nevertheless, the Postal Service and the customer expect to sign the amendment in the next few weeks, which will then be filed with the Commission. Yet because of the timing of the regulatory process, there will be a short window between the expiration of the existing contract in this docket and the effective date of the amendment, while the Commission completes its review. Thus, the customer now faces the prospect of an interruption in its access to negotiated rates as a result of the processes that it must participate in when it does business with the Postal Service, rather than with one of the Postal Service's competitors.

To avoid this result, the Postal Service respectfully requests that the Commission grant a thirty (30) day extension to allow the existing contract to remain in effect until such time as the Commission completes its review of the amendment. Thus, the proposed extension would only last for a finite and relatively short period of time. In conclusion, for the reasons discussed above, and in consideration of the customers' business continuity, the Postal Service hereby moves for temporary relief to allow the existing contract to remain on the competitive products list for thirty additional days.

Respectfully submitted,

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

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